## B.E. (Electrical Engineering (Electronics & Power)) Eighth Semester (C.B.S.) Elective-II : Power Quality

	ages : e : Thi	2 <b>NRT/KS/19</b> / ree Hours *0687* Max. Marks :		
	Note	<ul> <li>All questions carry marks as indicated.</li> <li>Solve Question 1 OR Questions No. 2.</li> <li>Solve Question 3 OR Questions No. 4.</li> <li>Solve Question 5 OR Questions No. 6.</li> <li>Solve Question 7 OR Questions No. 8.</li> <li>Solve Question 9 OR Questions No. 10.</li> <li>Solve Question 11 OR Questions No. 12.</li> <li>Assume suitable data whenever necessary.</li> <li>Diagrams and chemical equations should be given whenever necessary.</li> <li>Illustrate your answers whenever necessary with the help of neat sketches.</li> <li>Use of non programmable calculator is permitted.</li> </ul>		
1.	a)	What do you mean by power quality? Why we are more concerned about power quality?	7	
	b)	Definei) Over - voltage ,ii) Transients ,iii) Noiseiv) Inter-harmonicsv) DC offsetvi) Voltage sag	6	
_	,	OR	-	
2.	a)	What are the three reasons for grounding?	6	
	b)	Write common problems associated with grounding.	7	
3.	a) Define flicker. What are the main sources of flicker?			
	b)	Write mitigation techniques for reducing flickers.	6	
		OR		
4.	a)	State the principles of voltage regulation.	6	
	b)	Write short note on hybrid UPS & on-line UPS.	8	
5.	a)	Derive the equation for voltage sag using voltage divider model. For 11kV overhead line, the line impedance is $(0.117 + j \ 0.315)$ ohm/km. The fault level is 750 MVA and source impedance is purely reactive $Z_s = j \ 0.161\Omega$ . Calculate voltage sag if fault is at i) 20 km, ii) 50 km from PCC.	7	

b) Write mitigation techniques for voltage sag at utility level.

## OR

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6.	a)	What is CBEMA curve? Explain.	6	
	b)	<ul><li>Write short note on:</li><li>i) Equipment sensitivity.</li><li>ii) Area of Vulnerability.</li></ul>	7	
7.	a)	Distinguish between Harmonics & transients.	6	
	b)	Write note on active filters.	7	
		OR		
8.	a)	Define THD and TDD. The harmonic contents of adjustable speed drive (ASD) load at a particular instant are as follows. $I_1 = 16 \text{ A}, I_3 = 1\text{ A}, I_5 = 0.5 \text{ A}, I_9 = 0.2 \text{ A} \& I_{13} = 0.01\text{ A}.$ The specifications of ASD are 250V, 20 A. Calculate THD & TDD. Also calculate RMS value of the current.	7	
	b)	What is impact of harmonics oni) Moters,ii) Capacitors.	6	
9.	a)	What are the main objectives of power quality monitoring?	8	
	b)	Write note on smart power quality monitors.	6	
		OR		
10.	a)	What are the various power quality monitoring equipment's? Explain any one in detail.	6	
	b)	Write short note on: <b>any two.</b>		
		i) K-rated Transformers.	4	
		ii) Disturbance analyzer.	4	
		iii) IEC flicker meter	4	
11.	a)	Explain on-line power quality assessment.	7	
	b)	What are the various power quality standards as per IEEE and IEC?	6	
OR				
12.	a)	Explain off - line power quality assessment.	7	
	b)	Explain the requirements of transducers used in power quality monitoring. Name the transducers used in power quality monitoring.	6	

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