

Network Analysis

P. Pages : 4

NRT/KS/19/3310

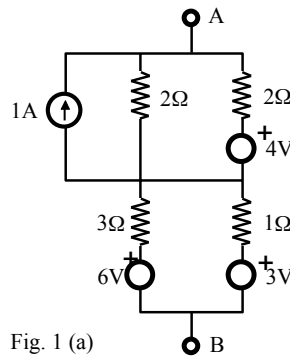
Time : Three Hours

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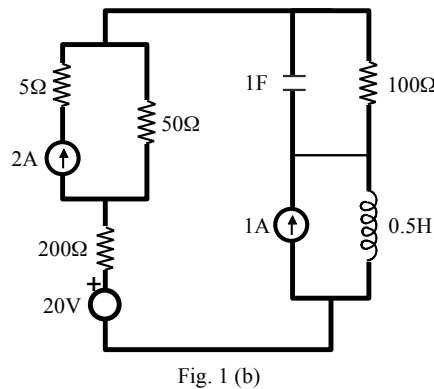
Max. Marks : 80

- Notes :
1. All questions carry marks as indicated.
 2. Solve Question 1 OR Questions No. 2.
 3. Solve Question 3 OR Questions No. 4.
 4. Solve Question 5 OR Questions No. 6.
 5. Solve Question 7 OR Questions No. 8.
 6. Solve Question 9 OR Questions No. 10.
 7. Solve Question 11 OR Questions No. 12.
 8. Assume suitable data whenever necessary.
 9. Use of non programmable calculator is permitted.

- 1.** a) Reduce the Network shown in Fig. 1 (a) into a single current source in parallel with single resistor across terminals A and B. **6**

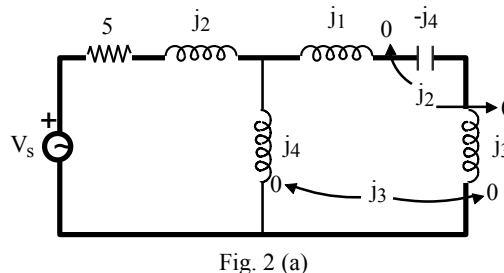


- b) Find current through 100Ω resistance shown in Fig. 1 (b) due to D.C. sources using Mesh Analysis method. **7**



OR

- 2.** a) Write Mesh equations for Network shown in Fig. 2 (a). **7**



- b) For Network shown in Fig. 2 (b) find currents i_1 and i_2 using Mesh analysis. 6

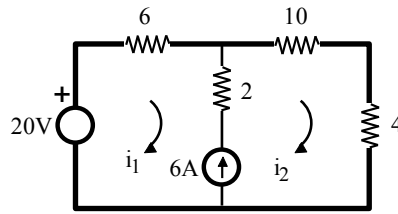


Fig. 2 (b)

3. a) Using Nodal Analysis method find voltage drop across 4Ω resistor for Network shown in Fig. 3 (a). 7

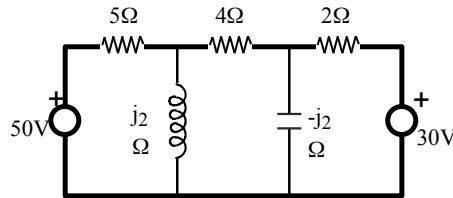


Fig. 3 (a)

- b) Construct the dual of Network shown in Fig. 3 (b) 6

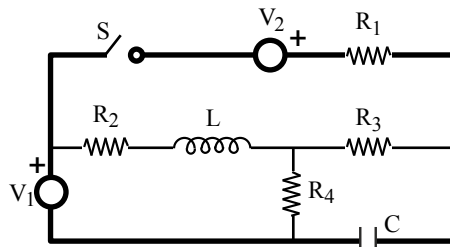


Fig. 3 (b)

OR

4. a) Write the equilibrium equations for the Network shown in Fig. 4 (a) using Nodal Analysis. 7

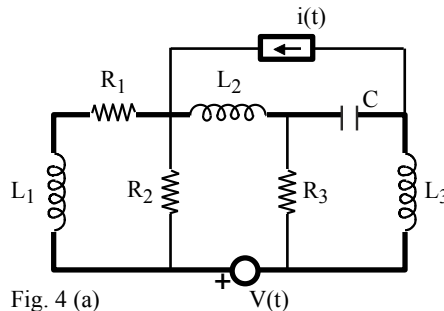


Fig. 4 (a)

- b) For the Network shown in Fig. 4 (b) determine the value of V_A using Node Analysis. 6

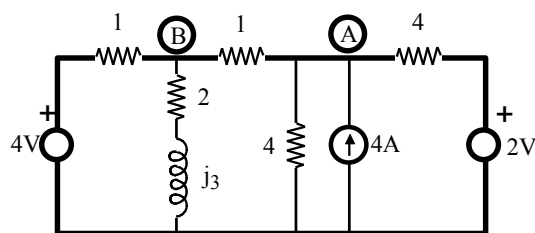


Fig. 4 (b)

5. a) State and Prove Maximum Power transfer theorem. 7

- b) Evaluate current in impedance $2 + j3$ using Thevenin's Theorem for Network shown in Fig. 5 (b). 7

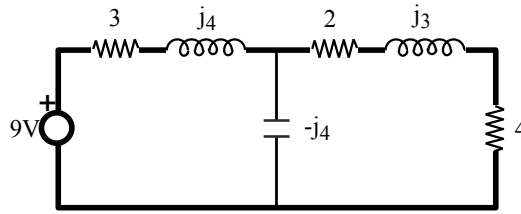


Fig. 5 (b)

OR

6. a) If R_1 is changed from 20Ω to 18Ω , find change in current I by using compensation theorem. Refer Network in Fig. 6 (a). 7

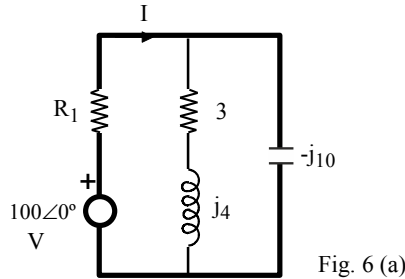


Fig. 6 (a)

- b) For Network shown in fig. 6 (b), determine voltage V using Superposition Theorem. 7

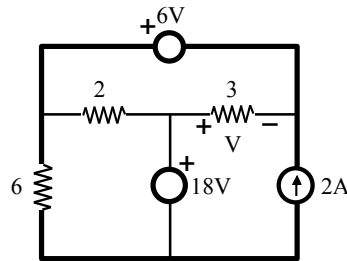


Fig. 6 (b)

7. a) Given 6

$$f(s) = \frac{2(s+4)}{(s+3)(s+8)}$$

Verify Initial and final value theorem of Laplace Transform.

- b) In Network shown in Fig. 7 (b), switch is thrown from position 'a' to 'b' at $t = 0$. Find at $t = 0 +$. 7

i) V_C ii) $\frac{dV_C}{dt}$ iii) $\frac{d^2V_C}{dt^2}$ iv) $\frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$

Assume that switch is in position 'a' for very long time so that network attains steady state condition before throwing switch to position 'b'.

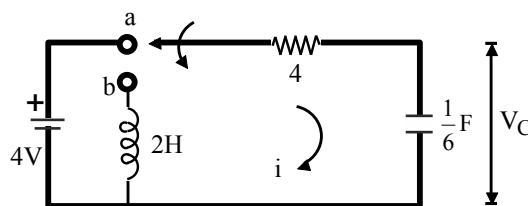
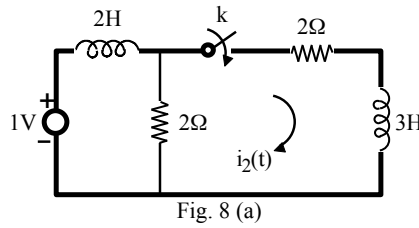


Fig. 7 (b)

OR

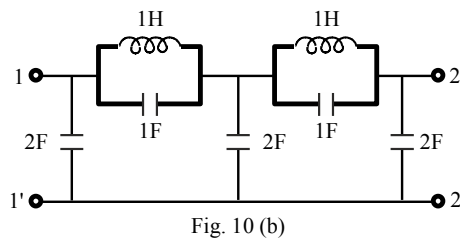
8. a) In circuit shown in Fig. 8 (a), switch K is closed at $t = 0$. Prior to closing the switch steady state conditions are established. Determine current $i_2(t)$ by using Laplace Transform method. 7



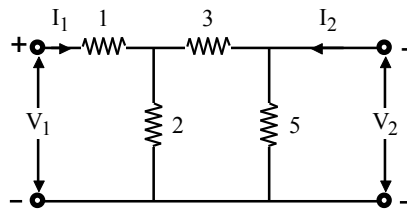
- b) Prove that, Laplace Transform of Periodic waveform is $\frac{1}{1 - e^{-TS}}$ times the Laplace transform of first cycle where T is Period. 6
9. a) Draw Pole-Zero diagram for given network function $V(s)$ and hence obtain $V(t)$ using Pole-zero diagram $V(s) = \frac{20s}{(s+2)(s+5)}$ 7
- b) State the necessary conditions for the driving point impedance and transfer function. 6

OR

10. a) Define the following terms. 4
- | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| i) Driving Point function | ii) Transfer function |
| iii) Current Gain | iv) Voltage Gain |
- b) For ladder Network shown in Fig 10 (b), determine voltage transfer function $\frac{V_2(s)}{V_1(s)}$. 9



11. a) Determine Z-parameters for Network shown in Fig. 11 (a) and comment on the result. 7



- b) For a two part Network; Prove that $AD-BC=1$. 7
where A, B, C, D are the Transmission Parameters for a two port Network.

OR

12. a) Derive the expression for Resonance frequency in series and parallel RLC circuit. 7
- b) Three phase impedances $(10 + j2)\Omega$, $(20 - j2)\Omega$ and $(4 + j3)\Omega$ are star connected to R, Y and B phases respectively to 400V symmetrical supply. Find load currents in each phase and voltage between star point and neutral of supply. Assume RYBas phase sequence and V_{RY} as reference. 7
